

2003 Multiple Choice

No Calculator Problems 1-28

1. If  $y = (x^3 + 1)^2$ , then  $\frac{dy}{dx} =$   
 (A)  $(3x^2)^2$  (B)  $2(x^3 + 1)$  (C)  $2(3x^2 + 1)$  (D)  $3x^2(x^3 + 1)$  (E)  $6x^2(x^3 + 1)$

2.  $\int_0^1 e^{-4x} dx =$   
 (A)  $\frac{-e^{-4}}{4}$  (B)  $-4e^{-4}$  (C)  $e^{-4} - 1$  (D)  $\frac{1}{4} - \frac{e^{-4}}{4}$  (E)  $4 - 4e^{-4}$

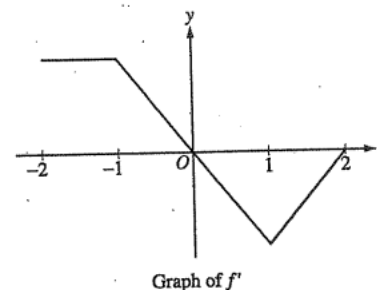
3. For  $x \geq 0$ , the horizontal line  $y = 2$  is an asymptote for the graph of the function  $f$ . Which of the following statements must be true?

- (A)  $f(0) = 2$
- (B)  $f(x) \neq 2$  for all  $x \geq 0$
- (C)  $f(2)$  is undefined.
- (D)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = \infty$
- (E)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 2$

4. If  $y = \frac{2x+3}{3x+2}$ , then  $\frac{dy}{dx} =$   
 (A)  $\frac{12x+13}{(3x+2)^2}$  (B)  $\frac{12x-13}{(3x+2)^2}$  (C)  $\frac{5}{(3x+2)^2}$  (D)  $\frac{-5}{(3x+2)^2}$  (E)  $\frac{2}{3}$

5.  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sin x dx =$   
 (A)  $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$  (B)  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$  (C)  $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - 1$  (D)  $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + 1$  (E)  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - 1$

6.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 4}{4x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x - 1} =$   
 (A) 4 (B) 1 (C)  $\frac{1}{4}$  (D) 0 (E) -1



Graph of  $f'$

7. The graph of  $f'$ , the derivative of the function  $f$ , is shown above. Which of the following statements is true about  $f$ ?

- (A)  $f$  is decreasing for  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$ .
- (B)  $f$  is increasing for  $-2 \leq x \leq 0$ .
- (C)  $f$  is increasing for  $1 \leq x \leq 2$ .
- (D)  $f$  has a local minimum at  $x = 0$ .
- (E)  $f$  is not differentiable at  $x = -1$  and  $x = 1$ .

8.  $\int x^2 \cos(x^3) dx =$

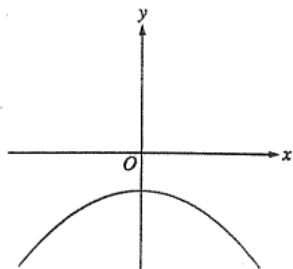
- (A)  $-\frac{1}{3} \sin(x^3) + C$
- (B)  $\frac{1}{3} \sin(x^3) + C$
- (C)  $-\frac{x^3}{3} \sin(x^3) + C$
- (D)  $\frac{x^3}{3} \sin(x^3) + C$
- (E)  $\frac{x^3}{3} \sin\left(\frac{x^4}{4}\right) + C$

9. If  $f(x) = \ln(x + 4 + e^{-3x})$ , then  $f'(0)$  is

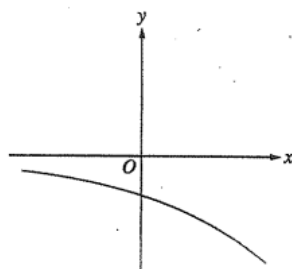
- (A)  $-\frac{2}{5}$  (B)  $\frac{1}{5}$  (C)  $\frac{1}{4}$  (D)  $\frac{2}{5}$  (E) nonexistent

10. The function  $f$  has the property that  $f(x)$ ,  $f'(x)$ , and  $f''(x)$  are negative for all real values  $x$ . Which of the following could be the graph of  $f$ ?

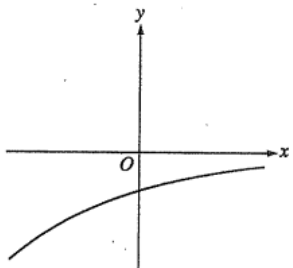
(A)



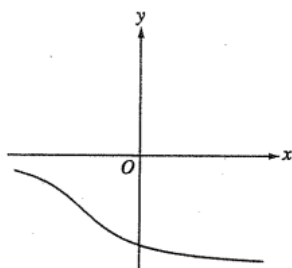
(B)



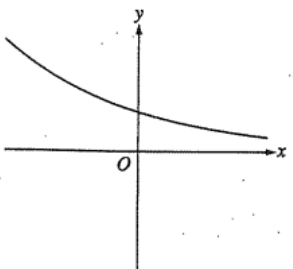
(C)



(D)



(E)



11. Using the substitution  $u = 2x + 1$ ,  $\int_0^2 \sqrt{2x+1} dx$  is equivalent to

- (A)  $\frac{1}{2} \int_{-1/2}^{1/2} \sqrt{u} du$     (B)  $\frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 \sqrt{u} du$     (C)  $\frac{1}{2} \int_1^5 \sqrt{u} du$     (D)  $\int_0^2 \sqrt{u} du$     (E)  $\int_1^5 \sqrt{u} du$

12. The rate of change of the volume,  $V$ , of water in a tank with respect to time,  $t$ , is directly proportional to the square root of the volume. Which of the following is a differential equation that describes this relationship?

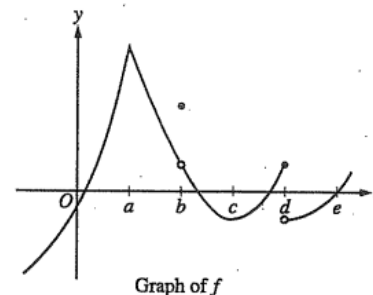
(A)  $V(t) = k\sqrt{t}$

(B)  $V(t) = k\sqrt{V}$

(C)  $\frac{dV}{dt} = k\sqrt{t}$

(D)  $\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{k}{\sqrt{V}}$

(E)  $\frac{dV}{dt} = k\sqrt{V}$



13. The graph of a function  $f$  is shown above. At which value of  $x$  is  $f$  continuous, but not differentiable?

- (A)  $a$     (B)  $b$     (C)  $c$     (D)  $d$     (E)  $e$

14. If  $y = x^2 \sin 2x$ , then  $\frac{dy}{dx} =$

- (A)  $2x \cos 2x$   
 (B)  $4x \cos 2x$   
 (C)  $2x(\sin 2x + \cos 2x)$   
 (D)  $2x(\sin 2x - x \cos 2x)$   
 (E)  $2x(\sin 2x + x \cos 2x)$

15. Let  $f$  be the function with derivative given by  $f'(x) = x^2 - \frac{2}{x}$ . On which of the following intervals is  $f$  decreasing?

- (A)  $(-\infty, -1]$  only  
 (B)  $(-\infty, 0)$   
 (C)  $[-1, 0)$  only  
 (D)  $(0, \sqrt[3]{2}]$   
 (E)  $[\sqrt[3]{2}, \infty)$

16. If the line tangent to the graph of the function  $f$  at the point  $(1, 7)$  passes through the point  $(-2, -2)$ , then  $f'(1)$  is  
 (A)  $-5$  (B)  $1$  (C)  $3$  (D)  $7$  (E) undefined

17. Let  $f$  be the function given by  $f(x) = 2xe^x$ . The graph of  $f$  is concave down when  
 (A)  $x < -2$  (B)  $x > -2$  (C)  $x < -1$  (D)  $x > -1$  (E)  $x < 0$

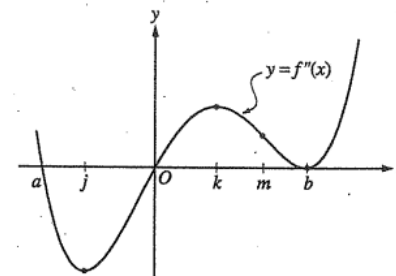
$x$	$-4$	$-3$	$-2$	$-1$	$0$	$1$	$2$	$3$	$4$
$g'(x)$	$2$	$3$	$0$	$-3$	$-2$	$-1$	$0$	$3$	$2$

18. The derivative  $g'$  of a function  $g$  is continuous and has exactly two zeros. Selected values of  $g'$  are given in the table above. If the domain of  $g$  is the set of all real numbers, then  $g$  is decreasing on which of the following intervals?  
 (A)  $-2 \leq x \leq 2$  only  
 (B)  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$  only  
 (C)  $x \geq -2$   
 (D)  $x \geq 2$  only  
 (E)  $x \leq -2$  or  $x \geq 2$

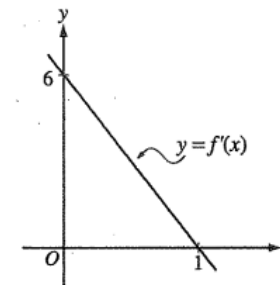
19. A curve has slope  $2x + 3$  at each point  $(x, y)$  on the curve. Which of the following is an equation for this curve if it passes through the point  $(1, 2)$ ?  
 (A)  $y = 5x - 3$   
 (B)  $y = x^2 + 1$   
 (C)  $y = x^2 + 3x$   
 (D)  $y = x^2 + 3x - 2$   
 (E)  $y = 2x^2 + 3x - 3$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x + 2 & \text{if } x \leq 3 \\ 4x - 7 & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$$

20. Let  $f$  be the function given above. Which of the following statements are true about  $f$ ?  
 I.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x)$  exists.  
 II.  $f$  is continuous at  $x = 3$ .  
 III.  $f$  is differentiable at  $x = 3$ .  
 (A) None  
 (B) I only  
 (C) II only  
 (D) I and II only  
 (E) I, II, and III



21. The second derivative of the function  $f$  is given by  $f''(x) = x(x - a)(x - b)^2$ . The graph of  $f''$  is shown above. For what values of  $x$  does the graph of  $f$  have a point of inflection?  
 (A)  $0$  and  $a$  only (B)  $0$  and  $m$  only (C)  $b$  and  $j$  only (D)  $0, a,$  and  $b$  (E)  $b, j,$  and  $k$



22. The graph of  $f'$ , the derivative of  $f$ , is the line shown in the figure above. If  $f(0) = 5$ , then  $f(1) =$   
 (A)  $0$  (B)  $3$  (C)  $6$  (D)  $8$  (E)  $11$

23.  $\frac{d}{dx} \left( \int_0^{x^2} \sin(t^3) dt \right) =$   
 (A)  $-\cos(x^6)$  (B)  $\sin(x^3)$  (C)  $\sin(x^6)$  (D)  $2x \sin(x^3)$  (E)  $2x \sin(x^6)$

24. Let  $f$  be the function defined by  $f(x) = 4x^3 - 5x + 3$ . Which of the following is an equation of the line tangent to the graph of  $f$  at the point where  $x = -1$ ?  
 (A)  $y = 7x - 3$   
 (B)  $y = 7x + 7$   
 (C)  $y = 7x + 11$   
 (D)  $y = -5x - 1$   
 (E)  $y = -5x - 5$

25. A particle moves along the  $x$ -axis so that at time  $t \geq 0$  its position is given by  $x(t) = 2t^3 - 21t^2 + 72t - 5$ . At what time  $t$  is the particle at rest?
- (A)  $t = 1$  only  
 (B)  $t = 3$  only  
 (C)  $t = \frac{7}{2}$  only  
 (D)  $t = 3$  and  $t = \frac{7}{2}$   
 (E)  $t = 3$  and  $t = 4$

26. What is the slope of the line tangent to the curve  $3y^2 - 2x^2 = 6 - 2xy$  at the point  $(3, 2)$ ?

- (A) 0      (B)  $\frac{4}{9}$       (C)  $\frac{7}{9}$       (D)  $\frac{6}{7}$       (E)  $\frac{5}{3}$

27. Let  $f$  be the function defined by  $f(x) = x^3 + x$ . If  $g(x) = f^{-1}(x)$  and  $g(2) = 1$ , what is the value of  $g'(2)$ ?

- (A)  $\frac{1}{13}$       (B)  $\frac{1}{4}$       (C)  $\frac{7}{4}$       (D) 4      (E) 13

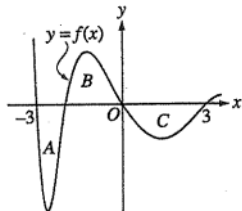
28. Let  $g$  be a twice-differentiable function with  $g'(x) > 0$  and  $g''(x) > 0$  for all real numbers  $x$ , such that  $g(4) = 12$  and  $g(5) = 18$ . Of the following, which is a possible value for  $g(6)$ ?

- (A) 15      (B) 18      (C) 21      (D) 24      (E) 27

### Calculator Allowed Problems 76-92

76. A particle moves along the  $x$ -axis so that at any time  $t \geq 0$ , its velocity is given by  $v(t) = 3 + 4.1 \cos(0.9t)$ . What is the acceleration of the particle at time  $t = 4$ ?

- (A) -2.016      (B) -0.677      (C) 1.633      (D) 1.814      (E) 2.978



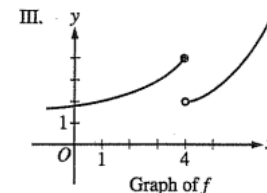
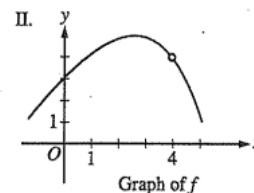
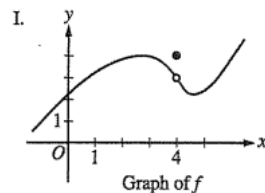
77. The regions  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$  in the figure above are bounded by the graph of the function  $f$  and the  $x$ -axis. If the area of each region is 2, what is the value of  $\int_{-3}^3 (f(x) + 1) dx$ ?

- (A) -2      (B) -1      (C) 4      (D) 7      (E) 12

78. The radius of a circle is increasing at a constant rate of 0.2 meters per second. What is the rate of increase in the area of the circle at the instant when the circumference of the circle is  $20\pi$  meters?

- (A)  $0.04\pi \text{ m}^2/\text{sec}$   
 (B)  $0.4\pi \text{ m}^2/\text{sec}$   
 (C)  $4\pi \text{ m}^2/\text{sec}$   
 (D)  $20\pi \text{ m}^2/\text{sec}$   
 (E)  $100\pi \text{ m}^2/\text{sec}$

79. For which of the following does  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x)$  exist?



- (A) I only  
 (B) II only  
 (C) III only  
 (D) I and II only  
 (E) I and III only

80. The function  $f$  is continuous for  $-2 \leq x \leq 1$  and differentiable for  $-2 < x < 1$ . If  $f(-2) = -5$  and  $f(1) = 4$ , which of the following statements could be false?

- (A) There exists  $c$ , where  $-2 < c < 1$ , such that  $f(c) = 0$ .  
 (B) There exists  $c$ , where  $-2 < c < 1$ , such that  $f'(c) = 0$ .  
 (C) There exists  $c$ , where  $-2 < c < 1$ , such that  $f(c) = 3$ .  
 (D) There exists  $c$ , where  $-2 < c < 1$ , such that  $f'(c) = 3$ .  
 (E) There exists  $c$ , where  $-2 \leq c \leq 1$ , such that  $f(c) \geq f(x)$  for all  $x$  on the closed interval  $-2 \leq x \leq 1$ .

81. Let  $f$  be the function with derivative given by  $f'(x) = \sin(x^2 + 1)$ . How many relative extrema does  $f$  have on the interval  $2 < x < 4$ ?

- (A) One      (B) Two      (C) Three      (D) Four      (E) Five

82. The rate of change of the altitude of a hot-air balloon is given by  $r(t) = t^3 - 4t^2 + 6$  for  $0 \leq t \leq 8$ . Which of the following expressions gives the change in altitude of the balloon during the time the altitude is decreasing?

- (A)  $\int_{1.572}^{3.514} r(t) dt$   
 (B)  $\int_0^8 r(t) dt$   
 (C)  $\int_0^{2.667} r(t) dt$   
 (D)  $\int_{1.572}^{3.514} r'(t) dt$   
 (E)  $\int_0^{2.667} r'(t) dt$

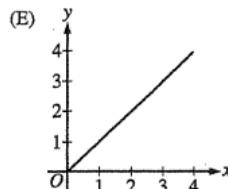
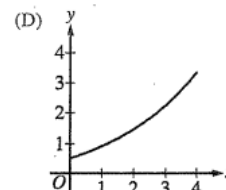
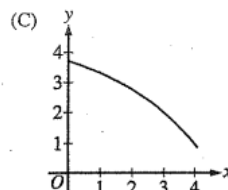
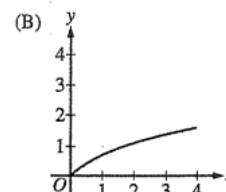
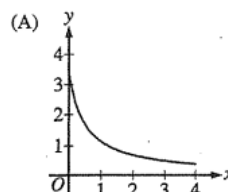
83. The velocity, in ft/sec, of a particle moving along the  $x$ -axis is given by the function  $v(t) = e^t + te^t$ . What is the average velocity of the particle from time  $t = 0$  to time  $t = 3$ ?

- (A) 20.086 ft/sec  
 (B) 26.447 ft/sec  
 (C) 32.809 ft/sec  
 (D) 40.671 ft/sec  
 (E) 79.342 ft/sec

84. A pizza, heated to a temperature of 350 degrees Fahrenheit ( $^{\circ}\text{F}$ ), is taken out of an oven and placed in a  $75^{\circ}\text{F}$  room at time  $t = 0$  minutes. The temperature of the pizza is changing at a rate of  $-110e^{-0.4t}$  degrees Fahrenheit per minute. To the nearest degree, what is the temperature of the pizza at time  $t = 5$  minutes?

- (A)  $112^{\circ}\text{F}$     (B)  $119^{\circ}\text{F}$     (C)  $147^{\circ}\text{F}$     (D)  $238^{\circ}\text{F}$     (E)  $335^{\circ}\text{F}$

85. If a trapezoidal sum overapproximates  $\int_0^4 f(x) dx$ , and a right Riemann sum underapproximates  $\int_0^4 f(x) dx$ , which of the following could be the graph of  $y = f(x)$ ?



86. The base of a solid is the region in the first quadrant bounded by the  $y$ -axis, the graph of  $y = \tan^{-1}x$ , the horizontal line  $y = 3$ , and the vertical line  $x = 1$ . For this solid, each cross section perpendicular to the  $x$ -axis is a square. What is the volume of the solid?

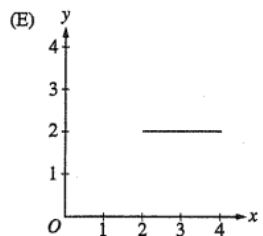
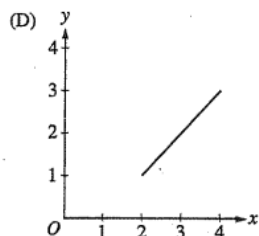
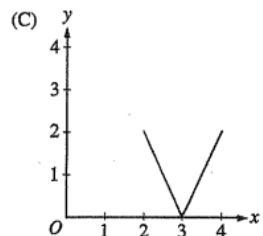
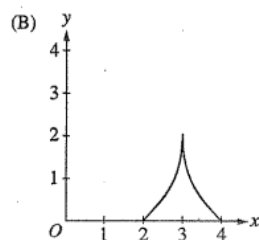
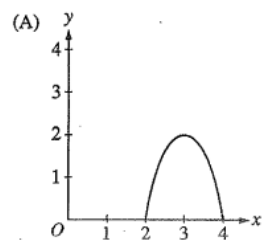
- (A) 2.561    (B) 6.612    (C) 8.046    (D) 8.755    (E) 20.773

87. The function  $f$  has first derivative given by  $f'(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x+x^3}$ . What is the  $x$ -coordinate of the inflection point of the graph of  $f$ ?

- (A) 1.008    (B) 0.473    (C) 0    (D) -0.278    (E) The graph of  $f$  has no inflection point.

88. On the closed interval  $[2, 4]$ , which of the following could be the graph of a function  $f$  with the property that

$$\frac{1}{4-2} \int_2^4 f(t) dt = 1?$$



89. Let  $f$  be a differentiable function with  $f(2) = 3$  and  $f'(2) = -5$ , and let  $g$  be the function defined by  $g(x) = xf(x)$ . Which of the following is an equation of the line tangent to the graph of  $g$  at the point where  $x = 2$ ?

- (A)  $y = 3x$
- (B)  $y - 3 = -5(x - 2)$
- (C)  $y - 6 = -5(x - 2)$
- (D)  $y - 6 = -7(x - 2)$
- (E)  $y - 6 = -10(x - 2)$

90. For all  $x$  in the closed interval  $[2, 5]$ , the function  $f$  has a positive first derivative and a negative second derivative. Which of the following could be a table of values for  $f$ ?

(A) 

$x$	$f(x)$
2	7
3	9
4	12
5	16

(B) 

$x$	$f(x)$
2	7
3	11
4	14
5	16

(C) 

$x$	$f(x)$
2	16
3	12
4	9
5	7

(D) 

$x$	$f(x)$
2	16
3	14
4	11
5	7

(E) 

$x$	$f(x)$
2	16
3	13
4	10
5	7

91. A particle moves along the  $x$ -axis so that at any time  $t > 0$ , its acceleration is given by  $a(t) = \ln(1 + 2^t)$ . If the velocity of the particle is 2 at time  $t = 1$ , then the velocity of the particle at time  $t = 2$  is

- (A) 0.462
- (B) 1.609
- (C) 2.555
- (D) 2.886
- (E) 3.346

92. Let  $g$  be the function given by  $g(x) = \int_0^x \sin(t^2) dt$  for  $-1 \leq x \leq 3$ . On which of the following intervals is  $g$  decreasing?

- (A)  $-1 \leq x \leq 0$
- (B)  $0 \leq x \leq 1.772$
- (C)  $1.253 \leq x \leq 2.171$
- (D)  $1.772 \leq x \leq 2.507$
- (E)  $2.802 \leq x \leq 3$